Journalist Bret Christian has covered a share of murder stories in his time as a newsman. In his search to understand and report on these acts of evil he discovered something equally malignant at the heart of our society: the vast cache of examples of evil.

New York Times bestseller Presumed Guilty exposes shocking, never-before revealed, exclusive information from the trial of the century and the verdict that shocked the nation. When Caylee Anthony was reported missing in Orlando, Florida, in July 2008, the public spent the next three years following the investigation and the eventual trial of her mother, Casey Anthony. On July 5, 2011, the case that captured headlines worldwide exploded when, against all odds, defense attorney Jose Baez delivered one of the biggest legal upsets in American history: a not-guilty verdict.

In this tell-all, Baez shares secrets the defense knew but has not disclosed to anyone until now and frankly reveals his experiences throughout the entire case—discovering the evidence, meeting Casey Anthony for the first time, leading defense strategy meetings, and spending weeks in the judge's chambers. Presumed Guilty shows how Baez, a struggling, high-school dropout, became one of the nation's most high-profile defense attorneys through his tireless efforts to seek justice for one of the country's most vilified murder suspects. Grounded in both scientific acumen and constructive inquiry, this anthology shines a rare, clarifying light on the controversial realms of psychical and paranormal research, surveying reports, essays, and arguments from more than a century of investigation into matters such as clairvoyance, telepathy, and past-life regression. In the past one hundred and twenty-five years—despite a relative paucity of funding and the troubling persistence of fraud—serious inquiry into the paranormal, particularly as it relates to clairvoyance and psychical perception, has successfully entered the scientific age. Studies in the modern laboratory, employing rigorous methodology and peer-reviewed oversight, have conclusively detected statistical anomalies that suggest the presence of some not yet understood faculty of the human mind. In The Parapsychology Revolution, Robert M. Schoch, Ph.D.—a scholar widely known for his geological theories that question the conventional dating of the Great Sphinx—and researcher Logan Yonavjak introduce and anthologize core writings that underscore the range and continuing challenges of psychical research.
book's extensive introduction and the editors' commentary on individual essays and sections highlight milestones, feuds, and key players that mark the nascent history of this fascinating and important field of research. Finally, The Parapsychology Revolution addresses and clarifies the all-important question: Is there legitimate evidence for a world beyond the ordinary? This book provides an overview of recent government initiatives in the field of crime and punishment, reviewing both the policies themselves, the perceived problems and issues they seek to address, and the broader social and political context in which this is taking place. The underlying theme of the book is that a qualitative change has taken place in the politics of crime control in the UK since the early 1990s. Although crime has stabilised, imprisonment rates continue to climb, there is a new mood of punitiveness, and crime has become a central policy issue for the government, no longer just a technical matter of law enforcement. At the same time the politics of crime control have taken on a pronounced gender, race and age preoccupation. This book will be essential reading for anybody seeking an understanding of why crime and criminal justice policy have risen to the top of the political agenda. Throughout the western world public opinion has played an important role in shaping criminal justice policy. At the same time opinion polls repeatedly demonstrate that the public knows little about crime and justice, and holds negative views of the criminal justice system. This book, consisting of chapters from leading authorities in the field, is concerned to address this problem, and draws upon research in a number of different countries to address the issues arising from this state of affairs. Its main aims are: to explore the changing and evolving nature of public attitudes to sentencing to examine the factors that influence public opinion and to bring together recent international research which has demonstrated ways in which public attitudes can be changed to propose specific strategies to respond to the crisis in public confidence in criminal justice. Corrections and the Criminal Justice System is designed to help students understand corrections in relation to the entire criminal justice system. This text begins with an overview of the field of criminal justice and covers the components of the criminal justice system that an offender must pass through prior to his/her corrections experience (police, courts, and sentencing). The second part of the text shows students how corrections is interconnected and related to the other aspects of the criminal justice system. Context Counts assembles, for the first time, the work of pre-eminent linguist Robin Tolmach Lakoff. A career that spans some forty years, Lakoff remains one of the most influential linguists of the 20th-century. The early papers show the genesis of Lakoff's inquiry into the relationship of language and social power, ideas later codified in the groundbreaking Language and Woman's Place and Talking Power. The late papers reflect her continued exposition of power dynamics beyond gender that are established and represented in language. This volume offers a retrospective analysis of Lakoff's work, with each paper preceded by an introduction from a prominent linguist in the field, including both contemporaries and students of Lakoff's work, and further, Lakoff's own conversation with these responses. This engaging and, at times, moving reevaluation pays homage to Lakoff's far-reaching influence upon linguistics, while also serving as an unusual form of autobiography revealing the decades' long evolution of a scholarly career. Looks at the adversary system used in Britain and its former colonies, including Australia, the US, Canada, India, Ireland, New Zealand, and South Africa. Details the origins and methods of the more widespread investigative (inquisitorial) system used in other countries including Japan and South Korea. Author is Walkley Award winner. Over the last few decades, the Supreme Court and the federal appellate courts have undergone a dramatic shift to the right, the result of a determined effort by right-wing lawmakers and presidents to reinterpret the Constitution by reshaping the judiciary. Conservative activist justices have narrowed the scope of the Constitution, denying its protections to millions of Americans,
exactly as the lawmakers who appointed and confirmed these jurists intended. Basic long-standing principles of constitutional law have been overturned by the Rehnquist and Roberts courts. As distinguished law professor and constitutional expert Erwin Chemerinsky demonstrates in this invaluable book, these changes affect the lives of every American. As a result of political pressure from conservatives and a series of Supreme Court decisions, our public schools are increasingly separate and unequal, to the great disadvantage of poor and minority students. Right-wing politicians and justices are dismantling the wall separating church and state, allowing ever greater government support for religion. With the blessing of the Supreme Court, absurdly harsh sentences are being handed down to criminal defendants, such as life sentences for shoplifting and other petty offenses. Even in death penalty cases, defendants are being denied the right to competent counsel at trial, and as a result innocent people have been convicted and sentenced to death. Right-wing politicians complain that government is too big and intrusive while at the same time they are only too happy to insert the government into the most intimate aspects of the private lives of citizens when doing so conforms to conservative morality. Conservative activist judges say that the Constitution gives people an inherent right to own firearms but not to make their own medical decisions. In some states it is easier to buy an assault rifle than to obtain an abortion. Nowhere has the conservative assault on the Constitution been more visible or more successful than in redefining the role of the president. From Richard Nixon to George W. Bush, conservatives have sought to significantly increase presidential power. The result in recent years has been unprecedented abuses, including indefinite detentions, illegal surveillance, and torture of innocent people. Finally, access to the courts is being restricted by new rulings that deny legal protections to ordinary Americans. Fewer lawsuits alleging discrimination in employment are heard; fewer people are able to sue corporations or governments for injuries they have suffered; and even when these cases do go to trial, new restrictions limit damages that plaintiffs can collect. The first step in reclaiming the protections of the Constitution, says Chemerinsky, is to recognize that right-wing justices are imposing their personal prejudices, not making neutral decisions about the scope of the Constitution, as they claim, or following the "original meaning" of the Constitution. Only then do we stand a chance of reclaiming our constitutional liberties from a rigid ideological campaign that has transformed our courts and our laws. Only then can we return to a constitutional law that advances freedom and equality.

English Legal System Concentrate is written and designed to help you succeed. Written by experts and covering all key topics, Concentrate guides help focus your revision and maximise your exam performance. Each guide includes revision tips, advice on how to achieve extra marks, and a thoroughhand focused breakdown of the key topics and cases. Revision guides you can rely on: trusted by lecturers, loved by students "I have always used OUP revision and QandA books and genuinely believe they have helped me get better grades" - Anthony Poole, law student, Swansea University "The detail in this revision textbook is phenomenal and is just what is needed to push your exam preparation to the next level" - Stephanie Lomas, law student, University of Central Lancashire "It is a little more in-depth than other revision guides, and also has clear diagrams and teaches ways to obtain extra marks. These features make it unique" - Godwin Tan, law student, University College London "The concentrate revision guides stand out against other revision guides" - Renae Haynes Williams, law student, Bangor University "The exam style questions are brilliant and the series is very detailed, prepares you well" - Frances Easton, law student, University of Birmingham "The accompanying website for Concentrate is the most impressive I've come across" - Alice Munnelly, law student, Kings College London Online Resources Packed with essential information, key cases, revision tips, exam QandAs, and more, English Legal System Concentrate is also supported by extensive online resources to take your
learning further (www.oup.com/lawrevision/):- Pinpoint which areas you need to concentrate on with the diagnostic test-
Test your knowledge with the multiple-choice questions and receive feedback on your answers- Improve your essay skills
using the outline answers for guidance on what to include and how to structure your answer- Revise the facts and
principles of key cases using the interactive flashcards- Learn the important terms and definitions using the
interactive glossary- Check that you have covered the main points of a topic using the key facts checklists- Achieve
better marks following the advice on revision and exam technique by experienced examiner Nigel Foster
Low confidence in
the police and the increasing crime rates during the 1990s led to a series of government initiatives directed at
changing both the structure and management of the police service. In 2006 in an attempt to define what a principled
police service should resemble, the Home Office Minister, Hazel Blears, announced the development of new Code of
Professional Standards for the police service, informed by the Taylor Review of 2005. While there has been a growing
awareness of the role of Professional Standards within law enforcement activity, to date there has been little
scholarly debate on the understanding of ethics and how that is applied to practical policing. This book provides a
single text of different perspectives on how professional standards and ethics has been conceptualised and developed
into practical policing processes for the purposes of policing, not only by the police but also by the partner
agencies. Leading academics and practitioners consider the moral minefield of policing through examinations of
undercover operatives, MI5 and deaths in police custody as well as looking forward to the future considerations and
practices in professional conduct. It will be of interest to those working within the field of policing as well as
students and academics focussed on policing and criminal justice.Drawing on Foucauldian theory and 'social harm'
paradigms, Naughton offers a radical redefinition of miscarriages of justice from a critical perspective. This book
uncovers the limits of the entire criminal justice process and challenges the dominant perception that miscarriages of
justices are rare and exceptional cases of wrongful imprisonment. This pioneering three-part work is the definitive
history of Irish Republican prisoners detained in England’s maximum security prison ‘dispersal system’ during the
entire period of the ‘Troubles’. A resurgence of IRA violence in Britain resulted in a steady stream of prisoners that
ensured the organisation maintained a significant jail population. Based on private correspondence, British state
archives, declassified government documents, international media reports, and memoirs of key protagonists, account is
taken of all major riots, roof top protests, sabotage attacks and escape attempts undertaken by the IRA, as well as the
little-known ‘blanket protest’ undertaken in several locations in England. Special Category Volume 2 tells the full
story of the Wormwood Scrubs ‘riot’ of August 1979, Brixton breakout of December 1980 and the pivotal Albany ‘mutiny’
of May 1983, told for the first time using fresh eye-witness accounts as well as official and public sources. The
perspectives of the Irish and British governments, various judiciaries, international legal forums, ‘ordinary decent
criminals’ and prisoner solidarity groups are outlined in detail. This ground-breaking book establishes that the
‘prison war’ in England was a far more important IRA theatre of action than hitherto realised. This book takes a
critical approach to examining British and Italian occupational health and safety enforcement policies and questions
the legal and political principles that underpin them. The book undertakes a comparative critical analysis of these two
jurisdictions’ health and safety regulatory enforcement practices by focusing on the causes and consequences of the
under-criminalisation of these crimes. It explores the fundamentals of these two jurisdictions' criminal justice
systems and political practices, policies and traditions and exposes how these translate into pragmatic social
inequality and injustice for victims of occupational health and safety crimes and, more generally, citizens. Findings
are drawn from qualitative interviews conducted with front line occupational health and safety enforcement officers. This book offers an account of the challenges encountered when attempting to scrutinise public institutions responsible for policing crimes of the powerful. The comparison of the political and criminal justice system practices, polices and traditions of the British and Italian legal systems offer a valuable critical contribution to the anglophone literature on the subject and, more generally, on regulatory enforcement policies and practices. The UK’s new Human Rights Act with its duty to give domestic effect to the European Convention on Human Rights and the jurisprudence of the Strasbourg court will have a significant effect on many aspects of the criminal and regulatory process. The papers in this volume, arising from the second Cambridge Centre for Public Law conference consider the Act’s impact on investigation and surveillance, on evidence, procedure and the substantive law applied at trials and hearings, and at the post-trial stage e.g. sentencing and post-report action in respect of DTI Inspection. Contributions from many of the country’s leading criminal and regulatory lawyers (both academic and practising) make this volume an important and original source for all criminal lawyers.

Murder, betrayal, and a trial that feeds a media frenzy. Can one woman stand against the forces that threaten to tear her family apart? Pastor Ron Hamilton’s star is rising. His 8,000-strong church is thriving. His good looks and charisma make him an exceptional speaker on family values. And his book on pornography in the church has become an unexpected bestseller. Everything is perfect. Until a young woman’s body is discovered in a seedy motel room. The woman is a porn star. And all the evidence in the murder points to one man: Ron. With the noose tightening around her husband’s neck, Dallas Hamilton faces a choice: believe the seemingly irrefutable facts—or the voice of her heart. The press has already reached its verdict, and the public echoes it. But Dallas is determined to do whatever it takes to find the truth. And then a dark secret from Dallas’s past threatens to take them all down. As the clock ticks toward Ron’s conviction and imprisonment, and an underworld of evil encircles her, Dallas must gather all her trust in God to discover what really happened in that motel room... even if it means losing faith in her husband forever. Beginning with an exploration of the awful miscarriages which prompted the establishment of the Royal Commission on Criminal Justice, the authors examine the role played by institutions and legal factors within the criminal process. Tracking the shift from due process rhetoric to the 'new penology' of efficient risk management of suspect populations, they assess the impact of recent reforms such as curtailment of the right to silence; the removal of the right to jury trial; and the appeal process itself. ‘English Legal System’ provides a clear and engaging account of the structure and mechanisms of the law in England and Wales. The authors skilfully blend an accessible style with a broad analysis of the subject, making this a definitive introduction for students year after year.

This critique of the Australian legal system argues that the present system often obstructs justice, that common law does not seek the truth and that trials are not designed to achieve a just outcome. Discusses topics such as the jury system, civil litigation, the right of silence, the adversary system and the doctrine of precedent. Includes references and an index. The author is a journalist with ‘The Australian’. He was five times winner of the Walkley Award for National Journalism and author of ‘Can of Worms’ ‘Amazing Scenes’ and ‘Trial by Voodoo’. Routledge-Cavendish Q&As - your path to exam success! Has the thought of facing your law exams left you feeling completely overwhelmed? Are you staring at the mountain of revision in front of you and wondering where to start? Routledge-Cavendish Q&As will help guide you through the revision maze, providing essential exam practice and helping you polish your essay-writing technique. Each Routledge-Cavendish Q&A contains 50 essay and problem-based questions on topics commonly found on exam papers, complete with answer plans and fully worked model answers. The titles are written by lecturers who are also examiners, so you
can recognise exactly what examiners are looking for in an answer. Key cases and legislation are highlighted within the
text for ease of reference boxed answer plans after each question outline the major points you should be aiming to
convey within your answer the books in this series are supported by a companion web offering you bonus q&as; advice on
preparing for your exams; revision checklists; discussion forums and more. But don’t just take our word for it! "the book
was an answer to my prayers I’ve been begging tutors to give us ready-made answers so we get a structure as to
what we should be including and revising and the q&As do exactly that!" azmina Thanda, 2nd year LLB "the Routledge-
cavendish Q&As are very well designed and helpful, giving a good indication of what comes up in exams." Deaglan
McArdle, 3rd year LLB How does the English legal system work? How does it affect everyday life? How well does it achieve
its aims? Addressing these questions and more, english legal system provides students with the fundamental knowledge
they need to approach the subject with confidence. Packed with questions, case studies and examples, this book takes
students on a journey, inviting them to read, understand, see the law in practice, and then think for themselves. The
strongest foundation for students at the start of their study of law; this is a clear, complete, and contextualized
account of the English legal system and an essential guide. Online resources English legal system is supported by
extensive online resources, featuring the following: for students:- self-test questions to check understanding and
progress- multiple-choice questions to test the application of knowledge- web links to aid reading around the topics-
video material to bring topics to life- a guide to reading cases to help build this key legal skill for lecturers:- diagrams
from the book for use in presentations this reader provides a comprehensive introduction for students studying criminology
at undergraduate level. not only does the book include 34 essential readings, but also editorial commentary
with section introductions, study questions, and suggestions for further reading. the reader will provide a thorough
grounding in issues related to the study of crime, the criminal justice system, and social control. In their selection
the editors have sought to indicate crime's varied and conflicting history as well as its current debates. The mixture
of historical and more recent readings shows a variety of perspectives. The Reader will be an essential sourcebook for
students and teachers in the fields of criminology, criminal justice studies, the sociology of crime and deviance,
socio-legal studies, social policy, criminal law and social work. This is the first course guide that has been
developed for students of policing. It identifies the core themes and additional source material, providing an
essential overview for students and a reference point for use throughout their studies. The Policing Course Companion
is designed to complement and work alongside existing literature. It provides: "easy access to the key themes in
policing " helpful summaries of the approach taken by the main course textbooks " guidance on the essential study
skills required to pass the course " help with developing critical thinking " taking it further sections that suggest
how readers can extend their thinking beyond the "received wisdom" " pointers to success in course exams and written
assessment exercises the SAGE Course Companion in Policing is much more than a revision guide for undergraduates; it is
an essential tool that will help readers take their course understanding to new levels and help them achieve success in
their undergraduate course. John Grieve is a former Director of Intelligence for the Metropolitan Police, where he also
held a number of other senior roles. He is now Chair of the John Grieve Centre for Policing and Community Safety and
Emeritus Professor at London Metropolitan University. Clive Harfield is a former police Inspector and is now the Deputy
Director of the John Grieve Centre for Policing and Community Safety, London Metropolitan University. Allyson MacVeang
is Founder and Director of the John Grieve Centre for Policing and Community Safety, London Metropolitan University.
The question of the historicity of Jesus' resurrection has been repeatedly probed, investigated and debated. And the
results have varied widely. Perhaps some now regard this issue as the burned-over district of New Testament scholarship. Could there be any new and promising approach to this problem? Yes, answers Michael Licona. And he convincingly points us to a significant deficiency in approaching this question: our historiographical orientation and practice. So he opens this study with an extensive consideration of historiography and the particular problem of investigating claims of miracles. This alone is a valuable contribution. But then Licona carefully applies his principles and methods to the question of Jesus’ resurrection. In addition to determining and working from the most reliable sources and bedrock historical evidence, Licona critically weighs other prominent hypotheses. His own argument is a challenging and closely argued case for the historicity of the resurrection of Jesus, the Christ. Any future approaches to dealing with this “prize puzzle” of New Testament study will need to be rooted through The Resurrection of Jesus.

OCR Publishing Partner Helps your students build their knowledge of the core studies and applied topics for OCR Psychology with a clear, organised approach; activities, practice questions and extension suggestions develop the skills required at A Level - Supports you and your students through the new OCR A Level specification, with an author team experienced in teaching and examining OCR Psychology - Helps students easily navigate the core studies and associated themes and perspectives with an organised, accessible approach - Develops knowledge and understanding of all the Applied Psychology topics, with background, key studies and applications - Develops the critical thinking, mathematical and problem-solving skills required for the study of Psychology through a wealth of targeted activities - Strengthens students' learning and progression with practice questions and extension activities

Presumption of Guilt analyses criminal prosecutions that spawned the notorious “kids for cash” scandal. Although a juvenile judge freely admitted committing fraud in failing to properly account for millions of dollars, prosecutors insisted he had accepted that money in exchange for jailing juveniles. These heinous allegations were presumed to be true, resulting in widespread hysteria. Incredibly, after creating the scandal, prosecutors failed to produce evidence it had ever happened at the judge’s trial. Unfortunately for the judge, by that time “kids for cash” was so ingrained in the public’s conscience that the lack of its proof was meaningless. This book offers in-depth insights on the struggles implementing the rule of law in nineteenth century Ceylon, introduced into the colonies by the British as their “greatest gift.” The book argues that resistance can be understood as a form of negotiation to lessen oppressive colonial conditions, and that the cumulative impact caused continual adjustments to the criminal justice system, weighing it down and distorting it. The tactical use of rule of law is explored within the three bureaucracies: the police, the courts and the prisons. Policing was often “governed at a distance” due to fiscal constraints and economic priorities and the enforcement of law was often delegated to underpaid Ceylonese. Spaces of resistance opened up as Ceylon was largely left to manage its own affairs. Villagers, minor officials, as well as senior British government officials, alternately used or subverted the rule of law to achieve their own goals. In the courts, the imported system lacked political legitimacy and consequently the Ceylonese undermined it by embracing it with false cases and information, in the interests of achieving justice as they saw it. In the prisons, administrators developed numerous biopolitical techniques and medical experiments in order to punish prisoners’ bodies to their absolute lawful limit. This limit was one which prison officials, prisoners, and doctors negotiated continuously over the decades. The book argues that the struggles around rule of law can best be understood not in terms of a dualism of bureaucrats versus the public, but rather as a set of shifting alliances across permeable bureaucratic boundaries. It offers innovative perspectives, comparing the Ceylonese experiences to those of Britain and India, and where appropriate to other
European colonies. This book will appeal to those interested in law, history, postcolonial studies, cultural studies, cultural and political geography. Miscarriages of justice occur far more frequently than we realise and have the power to ruin people's lives. It is crucial for criminal justice practitioners to understand them, given significant developments in recent years in law and police codes of practice. This text, part of the Key themes in policing textbook series, is written by three highly experienced authors with expertise in the fields of criminal investigation, forensic psychology and law and provides an up-to-date and comprehensive analysis of miscarriages of justice. They highlight difficulties in defining miscarriages of justice, examine their dimensions, forms, scale and impact and explore key cases and their causes. Discussing informal and formal remedies against miscarriages of justice, such as campaigns and the role of the media and the Court of Appeal and the Criminal Cases Review Commission (CCRC), they highlight criticism of the activities and decision-making of the latter and examine changes to police investigation in this area. Designed to incorporate 'evidence-based policing', each chapter provides questions reflecting on the issues raised in the text and suggestions for further reading. The American judicial system is far too often a source of injustice for the innocent rather than justice for the guilty. Despite all the alleged protections built into the trial process, a person facing criminal charges is virtually presumed guilty until proven innocent - not the reverse. Presumed Guilty is about thousands of innocent Americans who each year are convicted of serious crimes they did not commit. Many are convicted of crimes that did not even occur. Journalist Martin Yant vividly and dramatically explains the process by which American justice is miscarried, providing carefully researched details about more than 100 wrongful convictions. Yant's writing reveals both passion and frustration as he explains how most mistaken convictions could easily be avoided. No criminal justice system is infallible, he writes, but most errors aren't the result of carefully considered decisions that happen to be wrong. He cites examples of outrageous carelessness, investigations that conform facts to predetermined theories, the use of long-discredited investigative techniques, rampant prejudice, and the desire of police and prosecutors to win convictions at any price - even if evidence is fabricated to do so. Yant goes on to propose achievable solutions that would not only prevent years of imprisonment for the wrongfully convicted but also save the lives of innocent individuals who face the increasingly used death penalty. Presumed Guilty reveals not only how often the American justice system goes awry, but how easily - and how quickly - it is possible to become its victim. Harrowing revelations. Los Angeles Times An unprecedented work of civil rights and legal history, Presumed Guilty reveals how the Supreme Court has enabled racist policing and sanctioned law enforcement excesses through its decisions over the last half-century. A former attorney of the Scott Peterson defense team presents evidence uncovered in his investigation which was excluded from the trial and which he alleges would have changed the verdict returned by the jury which put the defendant on death row. Ireland's bestselling popular historian tells the story of contemporary Ireland - controversial, authoritative and highly readable. Tim Pat Coogan's biographies of Michael Collins and DeValera and his studies of the IRA, the Troubles and the Irish Diaspora have transformed our understanding of contemporary Ireland, and all have been massive bestsellers. Now he has produced a major history of Ireland in the twentieth century. Covering both South and North and dealing with cultural and social history as well as political, this enthralling work will become the definitive single-volume account of the making of modern Ireland. On 18 December 2012, Simon Warr's life was changed irrevocably. A respected boarding school teacher, described by his peers as 'one of the outstanding schoolmasters of his generation', Warr was arrested following an allegation of historical child abuse. The complainant was a former pupil at a school where Warr had taught over thirty years previously. Although horrified
by the claim, Warr was confident that without conclusive evidence the case would be dropped immediately. Instead, he spent an agonising 672 days on bail, waiting first to be charged and then for the case to go to trial. It took a jury less than forty minutes to acquit Warr unanimously on all charges. But despite being exonerated by the court, the damage to his reputation was irreversible. And while he struggled to cope in the devastating aftermath of the false accusations levelled against him, his complainants walked away with impunity, under a permanent cloak of anonymity. Presumed Guilty is a harrowing true story that examines our flawed justice system and an impassioned plea for us to reconsider the way our police handle cases of alleged historical child abuse, to protect innocent people against further false claims. 110,000 people apply for law school places at university every year. To guarantee your place you’ll need a step-by-step guide to Getting into Law. This 9th edition is compiled by several qualified lawyers as well as practising members of the bar, law lecturers, solicitors and careers advisers - all revealing exactly what you need to do in order to get started on a career in law. Getting into Law contains expert advice on choosing the right law course, filling in your UCAS application and how to perform well at university law interviews. Maxmise your chances of success and discover: -what solicitors and barristers do and how they fit into the legal system -what it's like to work in the legal profession (including case studies) -how to become a solicitor or barrister -what law courses are available -how to apply for law work experience - and get it Containing an overview of the English legal system, Getting into Law will help you qualify for the route into a legal career that suits you. Law access courses, law degrees, exempting degrees and the graduate diploma in law (GDL) are all possibilities to consider, as are legal practice courses and a training contract - or a Bar Vocational Courses and pupillage if you want to become a barrister. Now including advice on funding a law degree, sample law interview questions and tips on how to plan for your first career in law, Getting into Law is essential reading for anyone who is serious about applying to study a law degree at university. Founded in 1973, MPW, a group of independent sixth-form colleges, has one of the highest number of university placements each year of any independent school in the UK and has developed considerable expertise in the field of applications strategy. They author theGetting Intoguides which explain the application procedures for many popular university subjects, as well as the best-selling How To Complete Your UCAS Application. How did American schoolchildren, French philosophers, Russian Sinologists, Dutch merchants, and British lawyers imagine China and Chinese law? What happened when agents of presumably dominant Western empires had to endure the humiliations and anxieties of maintaining a profitable but precarious relationship with China? In Chinese Law in Imperial Eyes, Li Chen provides a richly textured analysis of these related issues and their intersection with law, culture, and politics in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Using a wide array of sources, Chen's study focuses on the power dynamics of Sino-Western relations during the formative century before the First Opium War (1839-1842). He highlights the centrality of law to modern imperial ideology and politics and brings new insight to the origins of comparative Chinese law in the West, the First Opium War, and foreign extraterritoriality in China. The shifting balance of economic and political power formed and transformed knowledge of China and Chinese law in different contact zones. Chen argues that recovering the variegated and contradictory roles of Chinese law in Western "modernization" helps provincialize the subsequent Euro-Americentric discourse of global modernity. Chen draws attention to important yet underanalyzed sites in which imperial sovereignty, national identity, cultural tradition, or international law and order were defined and restructured. His valuable case studies show how constructed differences between societies were hardened into cultural or racial boundaries and then politicized to rationalize international conflicts and hierarchy. This book provides in-
depth, original and critical analyses by leading scholars of the penal systems of 16 nations around the world, focusing on changes in social structure, culture and punishment since 1975. Contributors provide an international and comparative context in which to understand the impact of recent profound economic, social and political changes on penal theory and practice.

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